

Surrendered NLFT and ATTF Members Announce 72-Hour Strike from June 12



Agartala: Representatives of surrendered members of the National Liberation Front of Tripura (NLFT) and the All Tripura Tiger Force (ATTF) on Monday announced a 72-hour strike beginning June 12, alleging failure by the state and central governments to implement the provisions of a rehabilitation agreement signed with them. “Addressing a press conference at the Agartala Press Club, leaders including ATTF President Kalendra Debbarma and NLFT President Prasenjit Debbarma claimed that a memorandum of understanding signed on September 4, 2024, had promised ₹250 crore for rehabilitation and development projects for surrendered cadres. However, they alleged that despite the passage of nearly two years, the agreement has not been implemented. “Other representatives present at the press conference included Parimal Debbarma, Omangal Debbarma, and several members of the surrendered groups. “The leaders alleged that delays in implementing the agreement have left many former insurgents

facing severe hardship. They further claimed that eight surrendered members have died due to inadequate access to healthcare and livelihood opportunities. “According to the representatives, demands of surrendered groups in the past were addressed within a relatively short period, whereas the present agreement remains pending despite repeated appeals to the concerned authorities. “In protest against the alleged delay, surrendered NLFT and ATTF members have called for a 72-hour strike beginning on June 12. As part of the programme, they announced plans to block national highways and railway tracks in the Khowai and Teliamura areas on the first day of the agitation. “The leaders warned that if the government does not initiate discussions or take positive steps toward implementing the agreement within the stipulated period, they may be compelled to intensify their movement in the coming days. “No immediate response from the state government was available regarding the allegations at the time of filing this report.

ED Crackdown in Sonamura: Massive Raids at ‘Drug Empire’ Chief’s Residences Over Rs.150 Cr Case

SONAMURA: In a major crackdown on financial crimes and illegal drug networks, the Enforcement Directorate (ED) on Monday conducted massive raid operations at the residences of suspected drug kingpins in Sonamura, Tripura. The high-profile raids are linked to a massive multi-crore money laundering case estimated at ₹150 crore. “According to official sources, central agency teams simultaneously swarmed the properties of prominent local figures Anwar Hossain, widely known by his alias Suman, and his close associate Jasim Mia. Both individuals have allegedly been under the radar of law enforcement agencies for running an extensive illicit narcotics empire spanning border areas. “Central security

forces cordoned off the targeted areas early in the morning as investigators searched the premises. Agency officials recovered several incriminating documents, bank account details, and digital records establishing a complex trail of wealth accumulation. Investigators suspect that proceeds from the illegal narcotics trade were systematically laundered into legitimate businesses and real estate assets across the region. “Local authorities stated that this joint operation marks one of the most significant financial crackdowns in the state’s recent history. Further investigations are underway as the ED scrutinizes the seized financial footprints to trace deeper institutional connections and cross-border networks.

Villagers Lock ADC Village Office Over Alleged Lack of Transparency in Development Works

Kailashahar: Tension prevailed throughout the day at Mailong ADC Village under Chandipur Block in Kailashahar after villagers locked the village office and staged a protest against the local panchayat authorities, alleging that development works were being carried out without informing residents or consulting local leadership. “According to the protesting villagers, the Panchayat Secretary and other officials of Mailong ADC Village have allegedly been implementing various development projects funded by government schemes without prior discussion with the local community. They further claimed that villagers are not informed before the commencement of projects and that Gram Sabha meetings are not being conducted regularly. “The villagers stated that they had repeatedly raised these concerns with the panchayat authorities, but no satisfactory response was received. As a result, they resorted to locking the village office at around 10 a.m. on Monday and launched a day-long demonstration. “Upon receiving information about the protest, Deputy Magistrates Moti Ranjan Debbarma and Sanjib Debbarma, Chandipur Block

BDO Debpriya Das, along with a large contingent of police and TSR personnel, rushed to the spot to maintain law and order. “Following extensive discussions between the administration and the protesters, it was agreed that all ongoing development works in the area would remain suspended until June 10. A Gram Sabha meeting will be held on that date, during which details of the projects will be publicly discussed with villagers before any further development activities resume. “The meeting concluded around 5 p.m., after which the villagers reopened the office and normal administrative work resumed. “Although the protesters claimed that the agitation was not organized by any political party, a Tipra Motha flag was seen attached to the lock placed on the office gate. Local Tipra Motha leaders Bipul Debbarma and Biresh Debbarma were reportedly leading the protest. “After the meeting with administrative officials, both leaders addressed media representatives and explained the reasons behind the villagers’ agitation, emphasizing demands for greater transparency and public participation in development-related decisions.

Poor Family Struggles for Survival as Storm Damages Home in Dhalai

Gandacherra: A family of five from a remote village in Tripura’s Dhalai district is facing severe hardship after their house was damaged in a recent storm, adding to their ongoing struggle for survival. “The affected family belongs to Gajendra Reang, a Jhum cultivator and resident of Sadananda Para, located near the Dumbur reservoir under Gandacherra Sub-Division, around 12 kilometres from the sub-divisional headquarters. “Living below the poverty line, Gajendra Reang supports his wife and three sons with limited income. According to local sources, the family has been facing financial difficulties for a long time and is finding it increasingly difficult to meet daily household expenses. “Their situation worsened after

strong winds and adverse weather conditions reportedly damaged their dwelling, leaving the family vulnerable and in urgent need of assistance. “Despite living in extreme poverty, the family has allegedly not received a Below Poverty Line (BPL) ration card, which would enable them to access various government welfare schemes and subsidized food supplies. “Local residents have urged the concerned authorities to look into the matter and provide immediate relief, including housing assistance and the necessary documents required for availing government benefits. “The family is now hoping for administrative intervention and support to help them rebuild their home and secure a more stable future.

প্রধানমন্ত্রী সূর্য ঘর

মুফত বিজলি যোজনা

বাড়ির বিদ্যুৎ বিল প্রতিমাসে জিরো করতে কেন্দ্রীয় সরকার আপনার সমস্যার পার্মানেন্ট সমাধান এর জন্য নিয়ে এলো পি. এম. সূর্য ঘর মুফত বিজলি যোজনা, আপনার নিজের কোনো আর্থিক বিনিয়োগ ছাড়াই শুধুমাত্র কেন্দ্রীয় সরকার এর আর্থিক সহায়তা ও আর্থিক অনুদান দিয়েই বাড়িতে “Ongrid Solar Plant” বসান সঙ্গে বিদ্যুৎ বিল থেকে চিরতরে মুক্তি পান।

ক্যাটাগরি	সফটক লেন্ড	ভর্তুকি পেয়ার হবে
১ কিলোওয়াট প্যাক		৩৫,০০০ টাকা
২ কিলোওয়াট প্যাক		৬৬,০০০ টাকা
৩ কিলোওয়াট প্যাক		৯৫,০০০ টাকা
৪ কিলোওয়াট এর উপর		১৫,০০০ টাকা

অন্যান্য ফি

GST NO: 16ABQCS8716B1Z4 -ঃ বিস্তারিত জানার জন্য যোগাযোগ করুন ঃ- PAN: ABQCS8716B

SOLARIX EASTERN PROJECTS PRIVATE LIMITED
CITY OFFICE: PALACE COMPOUND, NEAR TOWN HALL, AGARTALA
MOBILE: 9233537308 / 8837299039

EDITORIAL PAGE

Child Labour: Stealing Childhood, Weakening Societ

Childhood is meant to be a time of learning, growth, and opportunity. It is a period when children should be attending school, developing skills, and preparing for a better future. Yet, millions of children around the world, including many in India, are forced into labour instead of education. Child labour remains one of the most serious social issues of our time, affecting not only children but also the overall progress of society. “Child labour refers to the employment of children in work that deprives them of their childhood, education, and physical or mental development. While poverty is often cited as the primary reason, the problem is also linked to lack of access to education, social inequality, and weak enforcement of labour laws. Many families struggling to survive depend on the income earned by their children, forcing them into jobs at an early age. “The impact on children is severe. Long working hours in factories, workshops, farms, construction sites, or domestic work expose children to physical danger and health risks. More importantly, child labour often prevents them from attending school. Without education, these children have limited opportunities to improve their lives, trapping them in a cycle of poverty that can continue for generations. “The effects extend far beyond individual children. A society that allows child labour sacrifices its future workforce. Education is the foundation of economic growth and innovation. When children are denied the opportunity to learn, the nation loses future teachers, engineers, doctors, scientists, and entrepreneurs. This weakens productivity and slows social and economic development. “Child labour also contributes to inequality. Children from poor families are often the most vulnerable, while those with access to education gain opportunities to succeed. This widens the gap between different sections of society and limits social mobility. As a result, poverty and inequality become deeply rooted and difficult to overcome. “Another concern is the exploitation associated with child labour. Children are often paid less than adults and may work in unsafe or unhealthy environments. Because they are young and vulnerable, they are less likely to demand fair treatment or report abuse. This creates conditions where exploitation can thrive. “India has introduced laws and policies to combat child labour, and significant progress has been made over the years. Government programs promoting education, mid-day meals, and financial assistance for disadvantaged families have helped reduce the number of working children. However, the problem has not been completely eliminated, particularly in informal sectors where monitoring is difficult. “The solution requires more than legal action. Reducing poverty, improving access to quality education, creating awareness, and supporting vulnerable families are all essential. Communities, businesses, and citizens also have a role to play by refusing to support practices that exploit children. “Ultimately, child labour is not just a problem for the children involved—it is a challenge for society as a whole. Every child forced to work instead of learn represents lost potential and a missed opportunity for national progress. “A nation’s future depends on its children. Protecting their right to education, safety, and a dignified childhood is not only a moral responsibility but also an investment in a stronger and more prosperous society. Only when every child is free to learn and grow can true development be achieved.

Sara Debbarma
Editor



The AI Boom: Revolutionary Future or Another Dot-Com Bubble?

Artificial Intelligence has become the defining technology story of the decade. From chatbots and virtual assistants to self-driving vehicles and advanced data analysis, AI is transforming industries at a pace rarely seen before. Investors are pouring billions of dollars into AI companies, governments are racing to develop national AI strategies, and businesses across sectors are eager to integrate AI into their operations. “The excitement surrounding AI has led many to compare it to the internet revolution of the late 1990s. However, it has also revived an important question: is AI a genuine technological revolution, or is it becoming a bubble similar to the infamous Dot-Com crash of 2000? “The Dot-Com era was characterized by enormous optimism about the internet. Investors believed that any company with an online presence would become successful. Stock prices soared, valuations became disconnected from reality, and speculative investments flooded the market. Eventually, many companies failed because they lacked sustainable business models, leading to a dramatic market collapse. “Today, similar signs can be seen in parts of the AI industry. Companies are rebranding themselves as AI-focused to attract investment. Startups with limited revenue are achieving billion-dollar valuations. Investors fear missing out on the next technological giant and are often willing to fund projects before their long-term viability is proven. “This has raised concerns that an AI bubble may be forming. “However, there is one critical difference between AI and many Dot-Com companies. The internet was a promising concept that still required widespread adoption and infrastructure development. AI, by contrast, is already delivering measurable value. Businesses are using AI to automate processes, improve customer service, optimize supply chains, enhance medical research, and increase productivity. “Major technology companies are generating real revenue from AI products and services. Unlike many internet startups of the late 1990s, today’s leading AI firms possess strong financial foundations, global customer bases, and proven

technologies. “Yet this does not mean the market is free from risk. The hype surrounding AI has created unrealistic expectations. Some predictions suggest that AI will solve nearly every problem, replace vast numbers of jobs, and revolutionize every industry almost overnight. History shows that technological revolutions rarely happen as quickly as enthusiasts expect. “Another concern is profitability. Developing advanced AI systems requires enormous investments in data centres, computing power, and energy consumption. Many AI companies are spending heavily while still searching for sustainable long-term revenue models. If profits fail to meet expectations, investor enthusiasm could decline sharply. “There are also social and regulatory challenges. Concerns about privacy, misinformation, job displacement, copyright disputes, and AI governance could slow adoption in some sectors. Governments around the world are already considering stricter regulations that may affect future growth. “The reality may lie somewhere between revolution and bubble. AI is almost certainly a transformative technology with the potential to reshape economies and societies. However, not every company claiming to be an AI leader will survive. Just as the Dot-Com crash eliminated weak businesses while leaving behind internet giants such as Amazon and Google, an AI market correction could separate genuine innovation from speculation. “Ultimately, the question is not whether AI is real—it clearly is. The more important question is whether current expectations match reality. Technology has the power to change the world, but history repeatedly shows that hype often moves faster than actual progress. “The future of AI may not be a complete bubble or an unlimited revolution. Instead, it could follow the path of every major innovation: a period of excitement, correction, adaptation, and eventual maturity. “Because while bubbles eventually burst, truly transformative technologies endure.

By - Yashwant Thakur (Senoir IT Manager)

One Nation, One Law: Can the Uniform Civil Code End the Practice of Polygamy?

As India debates equality, justice, and modern legal reform, the issue of polygamy has once again entered public discussion—raising questions about whether the Uniform Civil Code (UCC) could help create a more equal society. “India is a country built on diversity, with multiple religions, cultures, and personal laws shaping family and social structures. Marriage, inheritance, divorce, and adoption are often governed by separate religious personal laws rather than one common civil framework. While this system reflects India’s pluralistic identity, it has also created ongoing debates around equality, legal consistency, and women’s rights. “One of the most controversial issues within this discussion

is polygamy—the practice of having more than one spouse at the same time. While largely prohibited under most modern legal systems, certain forms of polygamy still remain legally permissible under specific personal laws in India. Critics argue that this creates unequal standards in a democratic society based on constitutional equality. “Opponents of polygamy believe the practice is outdated and incompatible with modern values of gender equality and mutual respect within marriage. They argue that in many cases, polygamy places emotional, financial, and psychological strain on families, particularly women and children. “Marriage in modern society is increasingly viewed as a partnership based

More on 3rd Page

GLOBAL

Practice of Polygamy?

From 2nd Page... on equality, trust, and emotional commitment. Critics of polygamy argue that allowing one partner to have multiple spouses creates imbalance within the relationship structure and often weakens the idea of equal rights in marriage. “Women’s rights remain central to this debate. Many activists and legal experts argue that polygamy historically emerged within patriarchal systems where women had limited legal or social power. In practice, they believe the system can lead to insecurity, unequal treatment, inheritance disputes, and emotional hardship for women.” Supporters of legal reform argue that India cannot move fully toward equality while different personal laws create unequal marital standards for different communities. This is where the debate around the Uniform Civil Code becomes significant. “The Uniform Civil Code, commonly referred to as UCC, proposes a common set of civil laws governing marriage, divorce, inheritance, and adoption for all citizens regardless of religion. Supporters believe such a system could strengthen constitutional equality by ensuring that all individuals are treated under the same legal framework.” Advocates of UCC argue that a uniform legal structure would help eliminate practices they view as discriminatory or outdated, including polygamy. They believe a common civil law would promote equal rights for women, legal clarity, and stronger social consistency across

communities. “At the same time, the issue remains highly sensitive because personal laws are closely connected to religious identity and cultural tradition. Critics of UCC fear that a uniform system could weaken cultural diversity or interfere with religious freedom. As a result, debates around the Uniform Civil Code often become politically and emotionally charged. “However, supporters insist that the purpose of UCC should not be to target any religion, but to create equal civil rights for all citizens in matters governed by law rather than faith. They argue that constitutional values such as equality, dignity, and justice should remain above separate legal standards. “The discussion ultimately reflects a larger question facing modern India: should personal laws continue to differ based on religion, or should civil matters be governed by one common legal system for all citizens? “As India evolves socially and economically, demands for legal uniformity and gender equality are becoming stronger. Younger generations increasingly view marriage as a partnership built on equal rights rather than traditional hierarchy. “Ultimately, the debate over polygamy and the Uniform Civil Code is not only about law—it is about the future direction of Indian society. The challenge is balancing cultural freedom with constitutional equality in a rapidly modernizing democracy. “Because in the end, a modern nation is not defined only by preserving traditions, but also by ensuring justice and equal rights for every citizen. “By - Dhruva Jyoti Deka

Philippines earthquake: 7.8-magnitude tremor leaves 32 dead as General Santos suffers worst damage

A powerful 7.8-magnitude earthquake struck the southern Philippines, leaving 32 people dead and causing widespread destruction across multiple regions. The worst-hit area was General Santos City, where several buildings collapsed and critical infrastructure suffered severe damage, according to early assessments. “Authorities reported that rescue teams are still searching through debris as aftershocks continue to rattle the region. Local officials said hospitals were treating dozens of injured residents, while emergency shelters have been set up for families displaced by structural damage. “The quake triggered landslides in surrounding provinces and disrupted power and communication lines, complicating relief efforts. Roads leading into General Santos were partially blocked, slowing the movement of emergency responders. Engineers are currently assessing the stability of bridges, government buildings, and commercial structures. “The Philippine Institute of Volcanology and Seismology confirmed that the epicentre was located near the Davao–SOCCSKSARGEN corridor, an area known for significant tectonic activity. The agency warned residents to remain cautious as strong aftershocks are expected to continue for several days. “Local businesses, including popular commercial establishments, reported major structural damage. Schools and public



offices have been temporarily closed as safety inspections are carried out. The national government has deployed military units to assist with rescue operations and deliver relief supplies. “President Ferdinand Marcos Jr. expressed condolences to the victims’ families and assured that the government would provide full support for recovery and reconstruction. International humanitarian organisations have also offered assistance as the scale of the disaster becomes clearer. “This earthquake is one of the strongest to hit the Philippines in recent years, underscoring the country’s vulnerability along the Pacific Ring of Fire, where powerful seismic events are common.

Iran–Israel war: Tehran warns region will become “hell” after new missile exchanges; US urges Israel not to retaliate

Iran has issued one of its starkest warnings yet, declaring that the entire region will turn into “hell” if the US-Israeli coalition makes “another mistake,” as cross-border attacks and diplomatic tensions intensify across West Asia. “Air-raid sirens sounded across northern Israel on Sunday after the Israeli military intercepted a fresh wave of Iranian missiles—the first such barrage since the April 8 ceasefire that had paused major hostilities between Iran, Israel, and the United States. Iran’s Revolutionary Guards described the strike as a “warning operation”, launched in retaliation for an Israeli attack earlier in the day on the outskirts of Beirut’s southern suburbs, a Hezbollah stronghold. “US President Donald Trump, according to Axios, said he would urge Israeli Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu not to strike back, signalling Washington’s attempt to prevent a wider regional war. Trump’s message reflects growing concern in Washington that a full-scale Israeli response.

MoD considers penalties on HAL over Tejas Mk1A delays as pressure mounts for accountability

India’s Ministry of Defence (MoD) is weighing the option of imposing financial penalties on Hindustan Aeronautics Limited (HAL) after continued delays in delivering the Tejas Mk1A fighter aircraft to the Indian Air Force (IAF). The issue was reviewed at a high-level meeting chaired by Defence Minister Rajnath Singh, reflecting growing frustration within the defence establishment over repeated schedule slippages. “The IAF currently operates around 40 Tejas Mk1 fighters and has placed

a major order for 83 Tejas Mk1A aircraft, an upgraded variant featuring improved avionics, radar, electronic warfare systems, and maintainability enhancements. Despite earlier assurances, not a single Mk1A has been delivered so far, prompting the MoD to consider invoking contractual penalty clauses. “Defence analysts say the move is less about punishing HAL and more about sending a clear institutional message on accountability. Retired Group Captain Ajay Ahlawat noted that even if penalties.

ROYAL LOUNGE

INDIAN - CHINESE BENGALI

9862102181 7005373702

Palace Compound, Back Side of Ujjayanta Palace, Agartala, West Tripura

PHONE REPAIR

Our team of experienced technicians will be on hand to diagnose and fix any issue with your phone.

OUR SERVICE

- ✓ Screen Replacement
- ✓ Battery Replacement
- ✓ Software Update

CONTACT US

7629993189/98627 73621

www.mobifixagartala.com

Left Trade Unions Hold Protest Rally Against Rising Prices in Agartala



Agartala: Left-affiliated trade union organizations staged a protest rally in Agartala on Monday, raising concerns over the rising prices of essential commodities and utility services across the country. “The demonstration began from the Mela Ground area and proceeded through various parts of the city before culminating in a roadside public meeting at Shakuntala Road. During the programme, union leaders criticized the policies of the BJP-led government, alleging that the continuous increase in the prices of electricity, cooking gas, fuel and other essential goods has placed a heavy burden on ordinary citizens. “Addressing the gathering, union leaders claimed that common people are struggling to cope with the

increasing cost of living, while elected representatives and ministers remain unaffected by such economic pressures. They demanded immediate measures to control inflation and provide relief to the general public. “Among those present at the protest were trade union leader Ratan Das, Manik De, and several other leaders and activists of the Left organizations. “The speakers also called for stronger government intervention to curb price hikes and protect the interests of workers, farmers and low-income families. “The rally concluded peacefully after the public meeting, with participants reiterating their commitment to continue democratic movements on issues affecting the common people.

THREE BANGLADESHI NATIONALS, INDIAN AUTO DRIVER ARRESTED AT KADAMTALA BORDER



KADAMTALA: In a major border security breakthrough, police and Border Security Force (BSF) personnel apprehended three Bangladeshi nationals and an Indian auto-rickshaw driver at the Kadamtala border area in North Tripura for illegal infiltration. “Acting on a tip-off near the Ranibari BSF Border Outpost (BOP), jawans intercepted an auto-rickshaw carrying the

suspects. During joint interrogation, the three foreign nationals confessed that they had crossed into India without valid travel documents and were actively attempting to sneak back into Bangladesh. “One of the detainees, identified as Sohel Mia, revealed during questioning that he had illegally crossed the border three months prior with local assistance and had been hiding in the Shantipur locality under

Pecharthal Police Station. He added that they had hired local Indian auto-driver, Manik Roy, to facilitate their illegal exit. “A formal case has been registered at the Kadamtala Police Station under Sections 21 and 23(A) of the Immigration and Foreigners Act. Investigating officers have seized two mobile phones and vital evidence from the group.

AFFIDAVIT

I, Smt. Anjali Sarkar Das W/o. Chandipada Das, D/o. Late Mahendra Sarkar, resident of Samatal Padmabil, PO: Samatal Padmabil, PS: Khowai, Dist, Khowai, Tripura do hereby declare that I have changed my name from Anjali Sarkar Das to new and Correct Name is Sanjita Sarkar and henceforth I shall be known as Sanjita Sarkar in sworn before the Notary Public all purpose, vide affidavit no. at khowai on 6th April 2026 my new and correct name Sanjita Sarkar and old name Anjali Sarkar Das both are same and one identical person.

Theft and Vandalism Reported at Temple in Mohanpur

Mohanpur: A case of alleged theft and vandalism at a temple has created concern among residents of Kalikamura Purba Para under Amgachia Panchayat in Tripura's Mohanpur Assembly constituency. “The incident took place at the Sri Sri Narmadeshwar Shivlinga and Bir Hanuman Temple, located under Sidhai Police Station. According to temple authorities, unidentified miscreants allegedly entered the temple premises under the cover of darkness during the night and carried out theft and vandalism. “The incident came to light on Sunday morning when the temple priest and local devotees arrived to open the temple. They reportedly found various items scattered inside the shrine, indicating that the premises had been ransacked. “Temple authorities alleged that a silver chain weighing more than four bhoori was stolen during the incident. The

theft has sparked anger and concern among devotees and local residents. “Speaking to the media, the temple priest and Subrata Sarkar, founder-president of the Sri Sri Narmadeshwar Shivlinga and Bir Hanuman Temple Trust, condemned the incident and demanded strict action against those responsible. They stated that a formal complaint has been lodged with Sidhai Police Station. “Upon receiving information, police personnel from Sidhai Police Station visited the temple and initiated an investigation into the matter. “The incident has triggered widespread discussion in the locality, with residents urging the police to identify the culprits and bring them to justice at the earliest. Authorities are continuing their investigation, and further details are awaited.

Congress Stages Massive Protest Outside Agartala Power Corp Over Tariff Hike, Corruption

AGARTALA: In a major political showdown, the Sadar District Congress Committee launched a massive demonstration in front of the Agartala Power Corporation headquarters on Monday. The protest aimed to corner the state administration over a list of surging grievances, primarily focusing on severe corruption within state power services and the rapidly deteriorating condition of public electricity infrastructure. “Agartala and its surrounding localities have been plagued by frequent disruptions, which the opposition alleges is due to systemic mismanagement. Tempers flared as hundreds of party workers carrying flags raised slogans condemning the forceful installation of smart meters.

Protesters argued that these meters have added unfair financial pressure on ordinary families without delivering the promised efficiency. “Coupled with a steep hike in electricity tariffs, Congress leaders claimed the current system has made basic utilities unaffordable for the common citizen. Senior party representatives addressed the gathering, demanding immediate accountability, an absolute freeze on unnecessary tariff hikes, and a thorough probe into service irregularities. Security was heavily stepped up around the corporation complex to prevent any law and order escalation. The Congress leadership warned of intensified statewide agitations if the power corporation fails to address these public demands promptly.

MLA SUDIP ROY BARMAN EXTENDS SUPPORT TO ‘SAMVIDHAN BACHAO MANCH’ FOR BAR ASSOCIATION POLLS

AGARTALA: Senior leader and Member of the Legislative Assembly (MLA) Sudip Roy Barman has formally extended his political backing to the ‘Samvidhan Bachao Manch’ (Save Constitution Forum) ahead of the upcoming Tripura Bar Association elections. “The declaration has injected significant momentum into the legal fraternity's election campaign, drawing sharp focus

onto the high-stakes professional polls. Speaking on his endorsement, the

legislator emphasized the necessity of protecting democratic frameworks and institutional independence, which form the core ideological pillar of the forum's panel.

JUNE 12

TRIPURA MEDICAL COLLEGE

The Hope-Retina Department

JUNE 13

THE HOPE

Passion For Caring...

No. 1 Eye Hospital in Tripura

অভিজিৎ চিকিৎসকের হাতে চোখের সুস্থতা

আপনার দৃষ্টির জন্য বিশ্বস্ত চিকিৎসা

আয়ুস্থান ভারত কার্ডের মাধ্যমে চিকিৎসা

Dr. Asmita Saha

নিখুঁত রেটিনা ট্রিটমেন্ট

উন্নত প্রযুক্তির ব্যবহার

সীমিত স্লটে পরামর্শ সুবিধা

প্রত্যেক ডায়াবেটিক রোগীদের বছরে অন্তত একবার রেটিনার চেকআপ প্রয়োজন

8798 610 071 / 8798 610 070

Khejurbagan, Airport Road, Agartala, Tripura